§55.219

Quantity of explosives		Distances in feet								
Pounds over	Pounds not over	Inhabited buildings traff		traffic volu	Public highways with traffic volume of 3000 or fewer vehicles/day		Passenger railways— public highways with traffic volume of more than 3,000 vehicles/day		Separation of maga- zines	
		Barri- caded	Unbarri- caded	Barri- caded	Unbarri- caded	Barri- caded	Unbarri- caded	Barri- caded	Unbarri- caded	
230,000 250,000 275,000	250,000 275,000 300,000	2,155 2,215 2,275	2,155 2,215 2,275	650 670 690	1,300 1,340 1,380	1,890 1,950 2,000	2,000 2,000 2,000	335 360 385	670 720 770	

Table: American Table of Distances for Storage of Explosives (December 1910), AS REVISED AND APPROVED BY THE INSTI-TUTE OF MAKERS OF EXPLOSIVES—JULY, 1991

Notes to the Table of Distances for Storage of Explosives

- (1) Terms found in the table of distances for storage of explosive materials are defined in §55.11.
- (2) When two or more storage magazines are located on the same property, each magazine must comply with the minimum distances specified from inhabited buildings, railways, and highways, and, in addition, they should be separated from each other by not less than the distances shown for "Separation of Magazines," except that the quantity of explosives contained in cap magazines shall govern in regard to the spacing of said cap magazines from magazines containing other explosives. If any two or more magazines are separated from each other by less than the specified "Separation of Magazines" distances, then such two or more magazines, as a group, must be considered as one magazine, and the total quantity of explosives stored in such group must be treated as if stored in a single magazine located on the site of any magazine of the group, and must comply with the minimum of distances specified from other magazines, inhabited buildings, railways, and highways.
- (3) All types of blasting caps in strengths through No. 8 cap should be rated at 1½ lbs. (1.5 lbs.) of explosives per 1,000 caps. For strengths higher than No. 8 cap, consult the manufacturer.
- (4) For quantity and distance purposes, detonating cord of 50 or 60 grains per foot should be calculated as equivalent to 9 lbs. of high explosives per 1,000 feet. Heavier or lighter core loads should be rated proportionately.

[T.D. ATF-87, 46 FR 40384, Aug. 7, 1981, as amended by T.D. ATF-400, 63 FR 45003, Aug. 24, 1998; T.D. ATF-446, 66 FR 16602, Mar. 27, 2001; T.D. ATF-446a, 66 FR 19089, Apr. 13, 2001]

§ 55.219 Table of distances for storage of low explosives.

Pou	inds	From in-	From pub- lic railroad	From	
Over Not over		habited building distance (feet)	and high- way dis- tance (feet)	above ground magazine (feet)	
0	1,000	75	75	50	
1,000	5,000	115	115	75	
5,000	10,000	150	150	100	
10,000	20,000	190	190	125	
20,000	30,000	215	215	145	
30,000	40,000	235	235	155	
40,000	50,000	250	250	165	
50,000	60,000	260	260	175	
60,000	70,000	270	270	185	
70,000	80,000	280	280	190	
80,000	90,000	295	295	195	
90,000	100,000	300	300	200	
100,000	200,000	375	375	250	
200,000	300,000	450	450	300	

§ 55.220 Table of separation distances of ammonium nitrate and blasting agents from explosives or blasting agents.

Table: Department of Defense Ammunition and Explosives Standards, Table 5-4.1 Extract; 4145.27 M, March 1969

	Donor weig	ht (pounds)	Minimum : distance o	Minimum		
(from donor cade	thickness of artificial		
	Over	Not over	Ammo- nium ni- trate	Blasting agent	barricade (in.)	
	0	100	3	11	12	
	100	300	4	14	12	
	300	600	5	18	12	
	600	1,000	6	22	12	
	1,000	1,600	7	25	12	
	1,600	2,000	8	29	12	
	2,000	3,000	9	32	15	
	3,000	4,000	10	36	15	
	4,000	6,000	11	40	15	
	6,000	8,000	12	43	20	
	8,000	10,000	13	47	20	
	10,000	12,000	14	50	20	
	12,000	16,000	15	54	25	
	16,000	20,000	16	58	25	
	20,000	25,000	18	65	25	
	25,000	30,000	19	68	30	
	30,000	35,000	20	72	30	
	35,000	40,000	21	76	30	

Donor weig	ht (pounds)	Minimum			
		distance of from donor cade	Minimum thickness of artificia		
Over	Not over	Ammo- nium ni- trate	Blasting agent	barricade (in.)	
40,000	45,000	22	79	35	
45,000	50,000	23	83	35	
50,000	55,000	24	86	35	
55,000	60,000	25	90	35	
60,000	70,000	26	94	40	
70,000	80,000	28	101	40	
80,000	90,000	30	108	40	
90,000	100,000	32	115	40	
100,000	120,000	34	122	50	
120,000	140,000	37	133	50	
140,000	160,000	40	144	50	
160,000	180,000	44	158	50	
180,000	200,000	48	173	50	
200,000	220,000	52	187	60	
220,000	250,000	56	202	60	
250,000	275,000	60	216	60	
275,000	300,000	64	230	60	

Table: National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Official Standard No. 492, 1968

Notes of Table of Separation Distances of Ammonium Nitrate and Blasting Agents From Explosives or Blasting Agents

(1) This table specifies separation distances to prevent explosion of ammonium nitrate and ammonium nitrate-based blasting agents by propagation from nearby stores of high explosives or blasting agents referred to in the table as the "donor." Ammonium nitrate, by itself, is not considered to be a donor when applying this table. Ammonium nitrate, ammonium nitrate-fuel oil or combinations thereof are acceptors. If stores of ammonium nitrate are located within the sympathetic detonation distance of explosives or blasting agents, one-half the mass of the ammonium nitrate is to be included in the mass of the donor.

(2) When the ammonium nitrate and/or blasting agent is not barricaded, the distances shown in the table must be multiplied by six. These distances allow for the possibility of high velocity metal fragments from mixers, hoppers, truck bodies, sheet metal structures, metal containers, and the like which may enclose the "donor." Where explosives storage is in bullet-resistant magazines or where the storage is protected by a bullet-resistant wall, distances and barricade thicknesses in excess of those prescribed in the table in §55.218 are not required.

(3) These distances apply to ammonium nitrate that passes the insensitivity test prescribed in the definition of ammonium nitrate fertilizer issued by the Fertilizer Insti-

tute.¹ Ammonium nitrate failing to pass the test must be stored at separation distances in accordance with the table in §55.218.

(4) These distances apply to blasting agents which pass the insensitivity test prescribed in regulations of the U.S. Department of Transportation (49 CFR part 173).

(5) Earth or sand dikes, or enclosures filled with the prescribed minimum thickness of earth or sand are acceptable artificial barricades. Natural barricades, such as hills or timber of sufficient density that the surrounding exposures which require protection cannot be seen from the "donor" when the trees are bare of leaves, are also acceptable.

(6) For determining the distances to be maintained from inhabited buildings, passenger railways, and public highways, use the table in §55.218.

§ 55.221 Requirements for display fireworks, pyrotechnic compositions, and explosive materials used in assembling fireworks or articles pyrotechnic.

(a) Display fireworks, pyrotechnic compositions, and explosive materials used to assemble fireworks and articles pyrotechnic shall be stored at all times as required by this Subpart unless they are in the process of manufacture, assembly, packaging, or are being transported

(b) No more than 500 pounds (227 kg) of pyrotechnic compositions or explosive materials are permitted at one time in any fireworks mixing building, any building or area in which the pyrotechnic compositions or explosive materials are pressed or otherwise prepared for finishing or assembly, or any finishing or assembly building. All pyrotechnic compositions or explosive materials not in immediate use will be stored in covered, non-ferrous containers.

(c) The maximum quantity of flash powder permitted in any fireworks process building is 10 pounds (4.5 kg).

(d) All dry explosive powders and mixtures, partially assembled display fireworks, and finished display fireworks shall be removed from fireworks process buildings at the conclusion of a

¹Definition and Test Procedures for Ammonium Nitrate Fertilizer, Fertilizer Institute 1015–18th St. N.W. Washington, DC 20036.